Ordnance Maps

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	Ordnance	Maps				
All students:	Keywords	3				
	Vocabulary File	4-6				
Activities that are suitable for Learning	Activating Students' Existing Knowledge	7				
Support, Language	Completing Sentences	13				
Support and the Mainstream Subject	Multiple Choice	14				
Class include:	Writing a description	15-16				
	Wordsearch	20				
Learning support and	Working with words	8				
Language support:	Picture Sentences	9				
Activities suitable for students receiving	Odd One Out	10				
Learning or Language	Geography Keywords	11				
Support include:	Unscramble the letters	12				
	Alphaboxes	19				
	Play Snap	21-23				
Language support:	Grammar points	17-18				
Additional activities for Language Support:						
Levels for Language Support	A1 – B1 The language level of an information box.	each activity is indicated in				
Learning focus	Using Geography textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.					
Acknowledgement	The <i>English Language Support Programme</i> acknowledges the permission of Gill and Macmillan to reproduce excerpts from <i>The Human Planet</i> by Patrick E.F. O' Dwyer.					

Note: The categorisation of activities is indicative only and should not prevent teachers from using any activities that are considered suitable for a particular group of students.

Making the best use of these units

Learning Record

A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each learning support and language support student.

Students should:

- 1. Write the subject and topic on the record.
- 2. Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.
- 3. Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.
- 4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.

Introduction of a topic or activity should ensure that students understand **what** they are doing and **why**. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.

You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.

Encourage students to:

- Bring the relevant subject textbooks to learning/language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
- Take some **responsibility for their own learning** programmes by:



Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the *Learning Record,* which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are also suitable as **homework** tasks or for **self-study**.

NAME: _

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

Nouns

area box/boxes bridge compass contour co-ordinates curved line direction distance earth east eastings edge features figure grid height kilometres linear scale location map measurement metres number north northings ordnance survey page paper reference region roads scale

scale map slope south spot squares starting point station sub-zones surface west

Verbs

to consist of to cover to curve to divide to draw to find to identify to mark to measure to number to plot to represent to survey

Adjectives

curved east global horizontal important international linear most national north natural numbered scaled south vertical west whole

Adverbs

directly east gradually most north south west

Other

across along bottom to top left to right **GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps**

NAME:

Vocabulary file 1

Word	Meaning	Note or example*
compass		
contour		
co-ordinates		
direction		
distance		
linear scale		

* You may wish to write a sentence or phrase, make a note of the page in your textbook where this word appears or, if English is not your first language, provide a translation into your language.

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME: ______ GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Vocabulary file 2

Word	Meaning	Note or example
measurement		
ordnance survey		
scale map		
to draw		
to identify		
to measure		



Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps		

Vocabulary file 3

Word	Meaning	Note or example
to plot		
to represent		
east		
horizontal		
scaled		
vertical		



Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

___ DATE:

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

Language Level: all Type of activity: whole class Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

maps location

- Invite newcomer students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage all students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).



All students should record vocabulary and terms from

the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

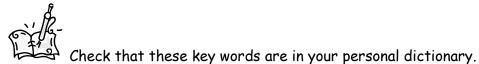
Language Level: A1 Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Working with words

1. Tick the correct answer

Write your own explanation for these words. If you do not know any of the words, check the meaning in your textbook or dictionary. Then write an example or translate the words into your own language.

Word	Page in textbook	Explanation	Note or example
measurement			
location			
reference			
surface			



<u>Ì</u>

a) this is a feature

b) this is a grid

c) this is a forest

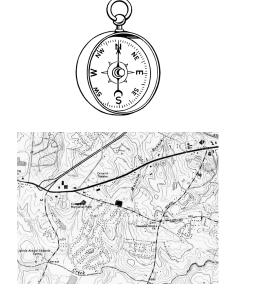
d) this is a compass

a) this is a scale map

c) this is a bus

b) this is a school lunch

d) this is a school principal



2. Find these words in your textbook.



NAME: _____

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Language Level: A1 Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes

Picture Sentences

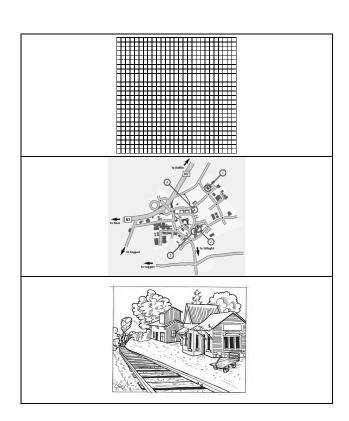
1. Tick the correct answer

- a) This is a grid.
- b) These are features.
- c) This is a bridge.
- a) This is pollution.
- b) This is a map.
- c) This is a compass.
- a) These are people.
- b) This is a train station.
- c) This is snow.
- 2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences.

useful maps are

map drawing plan or is a a

drawn maps scales are to different





NAME: _____

DATE:

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Language Level: A1 / A2 Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Odd One Out

1. Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.

Example:	apple	orange	banana (taxi)	
map		north	compass	chair
grid		metres	road	phone
grid		linear	shoe	square
cross		scale	bottle	sea

2. Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

to curve	
to divide	
to identify	
to mark	
to survey _	
ſ	

Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: individual Suggested time: 40 minutes



Geography Keywords

1. Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below.

On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

d_st_nc_	
n_rt_	
e_s_	
s_al_	

2. Write as many words as possible related to maps. You have 3 minutes!

NAME:

DATE:

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Language Level: A1 / A2 Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Unscramble the letters

1.	Map locations are found using Answer		Look at each word as you write the answer.
2.	This item is used for reading maps	CPMOSAS	Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?
	Answer		Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?
3.	This is expressed in metres on the map	HIEGTH	Do you know what the word <u>means</u> ?
	Answer		
4.	Lines that aren't straight Answer	RCVUSE	Have you got this word in your <u>personal</u> <u>dictionary?</u>

Solve the secret code

Ĺ	English=	L	С	Ρ	Ε	F	D	Ν	Μ	0	S	Т	U
	Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W

example: (code) EAWQFRA = STUDENT (English)

EBLYF =

Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Completing sentences

1. Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box below.

The national grid

The national______ consists of twenty-five squares or boxes called subzones that cover the whole country. Each measures 100 km long by 100 km wide. Each sub-zone is _______ by a letter of the alphabet. Also each sub-zone is divided by a grid of lines called co-ordinates. One hundred of the lines are vertical and are called eastings. The other hundred lines are _______ and are called northings. Eastings increase from left to right and _______ increase from bottom to top. Eastings and northings are numbered from 00 to 99. When giving a grid ______, remember the word ATLAS -AT represents Across the Top. AS represents Along the Side

Word Box

grid	refere	nce	northings	
	identified	hori	zontal	

2. Fill in the gaps on this table.

Verb	Simple past tense	Passive form (present)
to call	called	is called
to cover		is covered
to number		
to identify	identified	
to divide		
to mark		is marked
to represent		

Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Multiple choice

Read the text below and choose the best answers.

Curved line measurement

To measure the distance along a curved line, such as a road:

- 1. Place the edge of your strip of paper at the starting point and put a pencil mark on both map and paper.
- 2. Hold the edge of the paper strip along the centre of the road until you reach the first turn. Draw a mark across the paper and the map at this point.
- 3. Use your last mark as the new starting point and hold your paper along the centre of the road until the next turn. As before draw a mark across the paper and the map at this point.
- 4. Repeat the process until you have measured the required distance.
- 5. Use the linear scale to measure the distance.

1. Where do you place the strip of paper? a) on the road b) starting point c) in the sea d) beside the pencil

2. What do we draw across the paper and the map?

- a) a mark b) house
- c) a picture d) an animal

3. What do you use as the new starting point?

- a) last mark b) first mark
- c) paper d) pencil
- 4. Do you repeat the process until you have measured the distance?a) Yesb) No
- 5. Do we have to use linear scale to measure the distance? a) Yes b) No

How many words do you know that are used to describe lines and shapes? In this text we see **curved** and **linear**. Write down as many words as you can.



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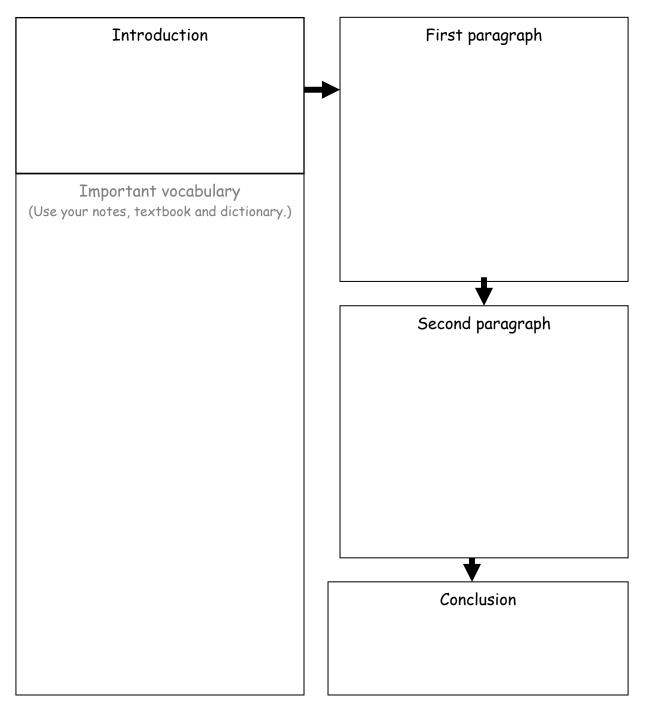
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Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: pairs / small groups Suggested time: 40 minutes

Writing a description

Look in your Geography textbook at a photograph taken from the air. You are going to write a description of what you see. Use your keyword list and textbook to help you.

First plan what you are going to write by making notes on this chart:



NAME: GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps		
Use your plan and write your text. Title		
		BILL
When your teacher has checked file it in your folder so you can use it in t		Have you ticked this activity on your

Have you ficked this activity on your Learning Record?

future.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

Language Level: All Type of activity: individual and pairs Suggested time: 30 minutes



Grammar points Prepositions

1. The following sentences are all about maps and how we use them.

Many of the prepositions are missing from these sentences.

Read the sentences carefully and fill in the missing prepositions from the box. You will use some of the prepositions more than once.

on	towards	۵۵	cross t
on	along	from	for

- The Ordnance Survey is responsible _____ drawing maps of Ireland.
- There is a lot of information _____ a good map.
- Lines that run _____ top _____ bottom are called eastings.
- Lines that run _____ the map are called northings.
- If you want to measure a line on the map you must hold a ruler or a piece of paper _____ the line.
- Each sub-zone on a map is divided ______ a grid of lines.
- When we travel in a northerly direction we are moving ______ the north.
- Each sub-zone _______the map measures 100km long ______100km wide.

2. Now it's your turn!

- 1. Pick a chapter from your textbook.
- 2. Rewrite six sentences leaving out the prepositions.
- 3. Make a list of the missing prepositions.
- 4. Swap your sentences with another student and fill in the missing prepositions in one another's sentences.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

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Language Level: A2/ B1 Type of activity: individual/pair Suggested time: 30 minutes



Grammar points

We can make adjectives from other words such as nouns and verbs. Look at the words in column A and write an adjective in column B. Write the meaning of the adjective in column C.

Use your keyword list, textbook or dictionary to help you.

A	B adjective	C meaning
to curve	curved	not straight
to cover		
globe		
horizon		
nature		
to divide		
to measure		
line		
number		
height		
length		
scale		
contour		
region		

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

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Alphaboxes

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. You could also write the word in your own language.

year entriangaag	0.		
a	b	C	
d	e	f	
9	h	i	Do you understand all these words?
j	k	1	Get your teacher to check this, then
m	n	0	file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.
p	q	r	
S	+	u	
V	w	хүг	
í			

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

Word search

Find the words from the list box below.

																		Н	У
F	D	Ι	S	Т	Α	Ν	С	Е	Α	S	Т	Ι	Ν	G	S	D		S	V
S	Μ	Α	Ρ	Μ	Е	Α	S	U	R	Е	Μ	Е	Ν	Т	Х	С		Х	Е
Е	D														У	Ι		J	С
G	R		Х	Ι	Н	Е	Ι	G	Н	Т	S	Ι	R		Ζ	Α		Μ	Κ
S	Ι		В	R	Ι		G	Ι	Ν	G	Т	W	0		U	Ν		Е	Μ
U	L		D	Е								U	R		W	0		Х	Ζ
S	Х		0	G		G	R	Ι	D	F		W	Μ		R	Α		Q	Н
С	Ι		Κ	Н		U	Α	F	Н	Ν		D	С		D	Т		Ι	U
Х	Ρ		В	Е		Ζ	С		С	D		Ν	Н		F	Е		С	Ν
Ρ	Ν		U	J		Х	Ν		W	Κ		Κ	С		R	Х		Q	V
Т	Q		J	S		0	V					G	G		Т	Μ		С	Х
Е	Е		В	L		Х	В	0	Х	Е	S	L	S		Μ	Т		Т	Т
Ρ	G		Μ	L		U	S	Q	U	Α	R	Е	S		Ν	Κ		Е	0
Ν	Ρ		Т	Е											Κ	S		В	Е
L	J		Н	Х	Е	Ρ	R	Е	Ρ	R	Е	S	Е	Ν	Т	S		Н	R
В	0		Н	0	R	Ι	Ζ	0	Ν	Т	Α	L	J	Ρ	Ζ	Μ		Ν	В
Х	Ζ																	Ρ	Α
G	Е	Ν	Т	L	Е	R	Е	F	Е	R	Е	Ν	С	Е	S	С	Α	L	Е
Е	D	G	Е	S	V	Ρ	Μ	С	0	Ν	Т	0	U	R	S	Ζ	В	В	W

BOXES	GRID	MEASUREMENT
BRIDGING	HEIGHTS	REFERENCE
CONTOURS	HORIZONTAL	REPRESENTS
DISTANCE	MAP	SCALE
EASTINGS		SQUARES
EDGE		
GENTLE		

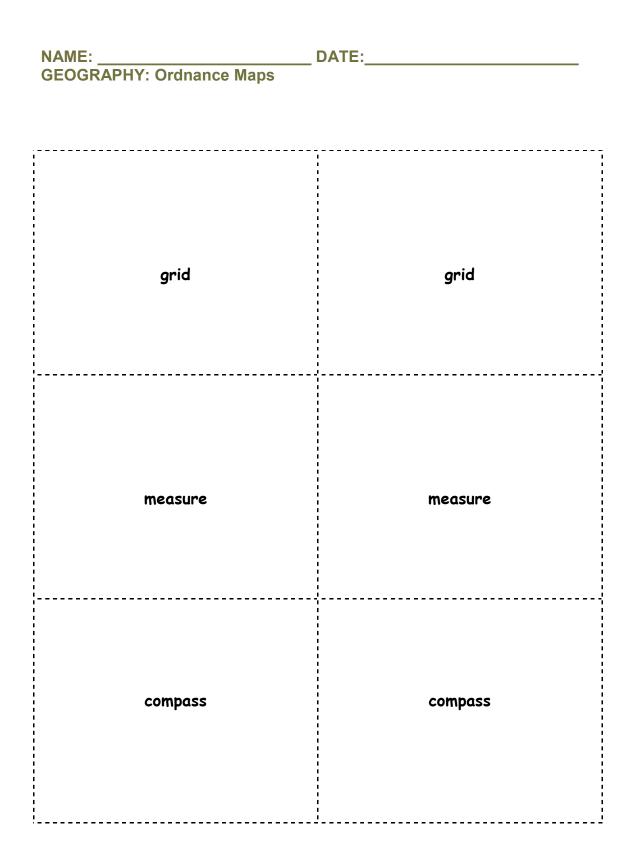
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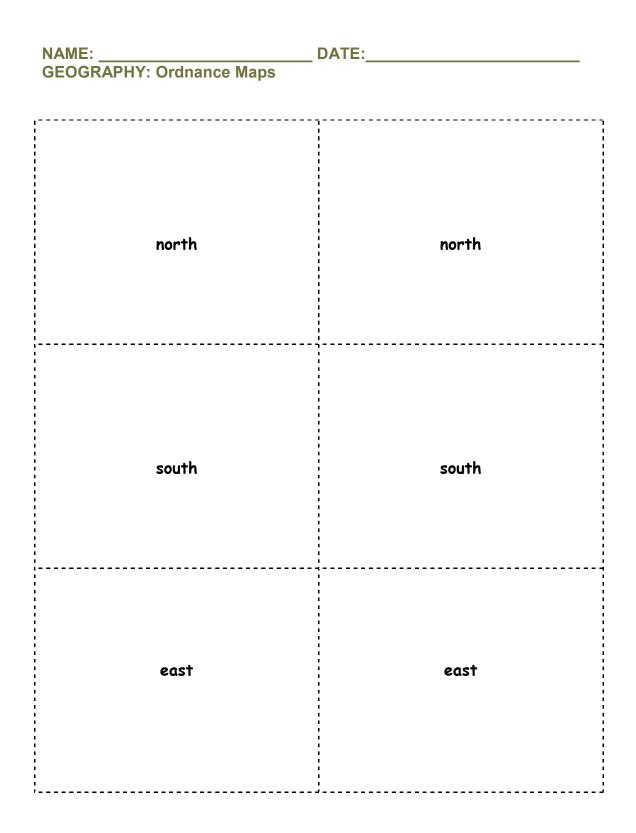
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GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps	

Play Snap

Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See *Notes for teachers* for ideas about how to use the cards.

\times	
ordnance	ordnance
survey	survey
map	map





GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

NAME:

Answer key

Working with words, page 8 1. d, a

Picture Sentences, page 9

1.a,b,b2. Maps are useful. A map is a drawing or plan. Maps are drawn to different scales.

Odd one out, page 10 Chair, phone, shoe, bottle

Geography Keywords, page 11

Distance, noun, north, noun or adjective, east, noun or adjective, scale, noun (also a verb)

Unscramble the letters, page 12

References, compass, height, curved Secret Code: slope

Completing Sentences, page 13

1. The national **grid** consists of twenty-five squares or boxes called sub-zones that cover the whole country. Each measures 100 km long by 100 km wide. Each sub-zone is **identified** by a letter of the alphabet. Also each sub-zone is divided by a grid of lines called co-ordinates. One hundred of the lines are vertical and are called eastings. The other hundred lines are **horizontal** and are called northings. Eastings increase from left to right and **northings** increase from bottom to top. Eastings and northings are numbered from 00 to 99. When giving a grid **reference**, remember the word ATLAS -AT represents Across the Top. AS represents Along the Side

Verb	Simple past tense	Passive form (present)
to call	called	is called
to cover	covered	is covered
to number	numbered	is numbered
to identify	identified	is identified
to divide	divided	is divided
to mark	marked	is marked
to represent	represented	is represented

2.

GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Multiple Choice, page 14

1b,2a,3a,4a,5a.

NAME:

Grammar Points, page 17

prepositions. for on from, to across on along towards on, by.

Grammar points, page 18

A	B adjective	C meaning
to curve	curved	not straight
to cover	covered	
globe	global	
horizon	horizontal	
nature	natural	
to divide	divided	
to measure	measured	
line	linear	
number	numbered	
height	high	
length	long	
scale	scaled	
contour	contoured	
region	regional	

____ DATE:_____

NAME: ______ GEOGRAPHY: Ordnance Maps

Word Search, page 20

																		Н	У
F	D	Ι	S	Т	Α	Ν	С	Ε	A	S	Т	Ι	Ν	G	S	D		S	V
S	M	A	Ρ	M	Ε	A	S	υ	R	Ε	Μ	Ε	Ν	Т	Х	С		Х	Е
Е	D														У	Ι		J	С
G	R		Х	Ι	Н	Ε	Ι	G	Н	Т	S	Ι	R		Ζ	Α		Μ	Κ
S	Ι		В	R	I	D	G	I	Ν	G	Т	W	0		U	Ν		Е	Μ
U	L		D	Е								U	R		W	0		Х	Ζ
S	Х		0	G		G	R	I	D	F		W	Μ		R	Α		Q	Н
С	Ι		Κ	Н		U	Α	F	Н	Ν		D	С		D	Т		I	U
Х	Ρ		В	Е		Ζ	С		С	D		Ν	Н		F	Е		С	Ν
Ρ	Ν		U	J		Х	Ν		W	Κ		Κ	С		R	Х		Q	V
Т	Q		J	S		0	V					G	G		Т	Μ		С	Х
Е	E		В	L		Х	В	0	Х	Ε	S	L	S		Μ	Т		Т	Т
Ρ	G		Μ	L		U	S	Q	U	Α	R	Ε	S		Ν	Κ		Е	0
Ν	Ρ		Т	Е											Κ	S		В	Е
L	J		Н	Х	Е	Ρ	R	Ε	Ρ	R	Ε	S	Ε	Ν	Т	S		Н	R
В	0		Н	0	R	I	Ζ	0	Ν	т	A	L	J	Ρ	Ζ	Μ		Ν	В
Х	Ζ																	Ρ	Α
G	Ε	Ν	т	L	Ε	R	Ε	F	Ε	R	Ε	Ν	С	Ε	S	С	Α	L	Ε
Ε	D	G	Ε	S	۷	Ρ	Μ	С	0	Ν	т	0	υ	R	S	Ζ	В	В	W